ACC NR: AP6035855

(NI)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/020/0060/0060

INVENTOR: Yampol'skiy, V. G.

ORG: none

TITLE: Radio relay line. Class 21, No. 187098

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 20, 1966, 60

TOPIC TAGS: radio relay, antenna array, antenna polarization, robor regretion

ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for a radio relay line with a parasitic array repeater which is made up of parallel conductors. To reduce the depth of fading the array conductors are placed at an angle of 45° to the polarization plane of the transmitting antenna when the polarization plane of the receiving antenna is turned through an angle of 90°. [WP]

SUB CODE: /7, 09/ SUBM DATE: 12Jan56/

Card 1/1

UDC: 621.396.677.3

ACC NRI AP7004337

SOURCE CODE: UR/0106/66/000/011/0020/0027

AUTHOR: Yampol'skiy. Y.

ORG: none

TITLE: Analysis of long director antennas

SOURCE: Elektrosvyaz', no. 11, 1966, 20-27

TOPIC TAGS: antenna array, Time antenna, Yagi mtmna

ABSTRACT: The approximation of the function of mutual impedances (a spherical wave) by an exponent curve adopted in some theoretical works of Soviet authors can be practically used only in relatively short Yagi antennas. Hence, the present article determines the current distribution among the radiators of a long Yagi antenna by analyzing an current distribution among one radiators of a long lagi ancoming. This current infinitely long array (D. L. Sengupta, IRE Trans., AP-7, 1959, no. 3). This current distribution is effected by a current wave traveling with a phase velocity v which differs from the velocity of light. The phase velocity must simultaneously satisfy two transcendental equations that include mutual resistances and reactances. The reactance transcendental equations that increme mutual resistances and reactances. The resistances and reactances and resistances and resistances and resistances and reactances and resistances and resistances. The resistances and reactances and resistances and reactances and resistances and reactances and reactances. The resistances and reactances and reactances and reactances and reactances and reactances and resistances. where X_8 - self-reactance, X_t - tuning reactance, X_1 and X_2 are determined from special formulas. A graphical solution of this equation is supplied which permits

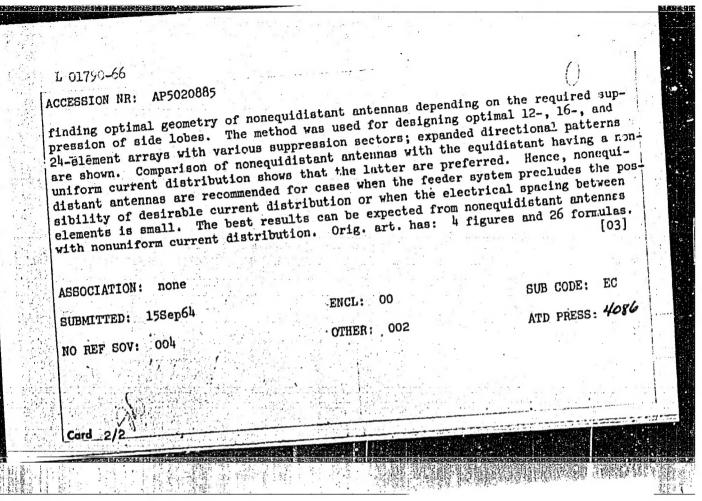
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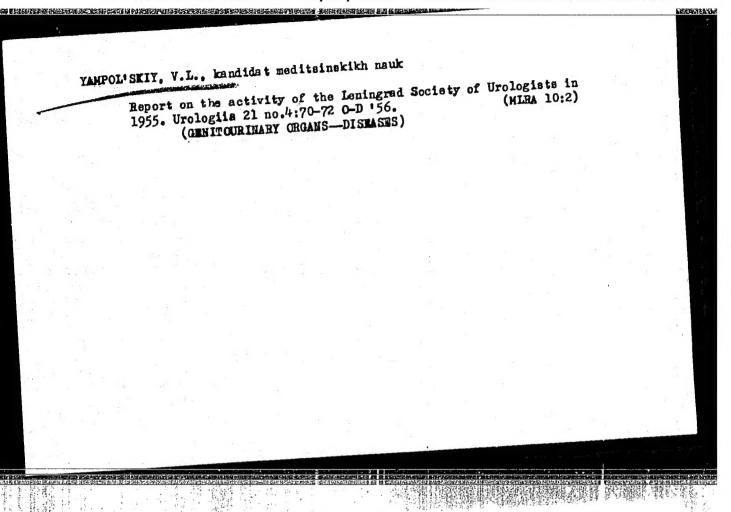
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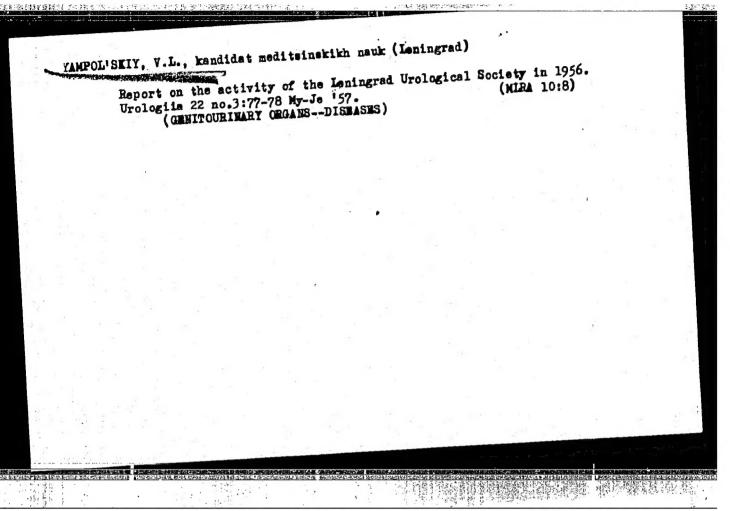
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AUTHOR: _	Yampol'skiy, V	<u>1. a.</u> 44		antennas 258,44	30
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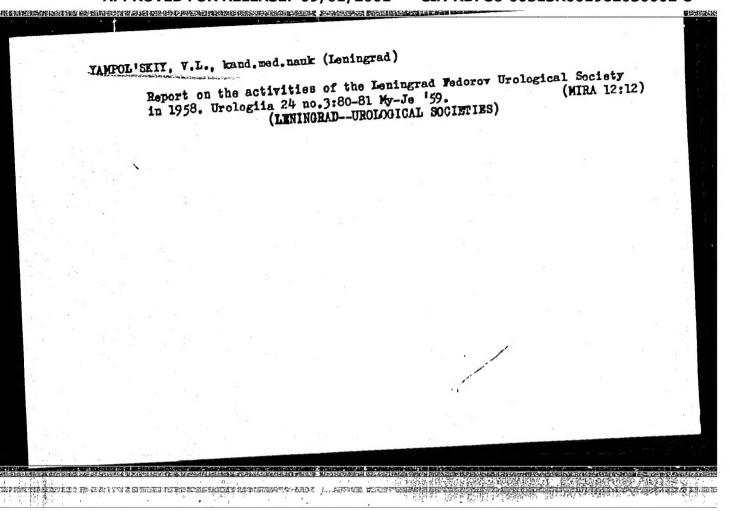
TAMPOL'SKIY, V.L., kand.med.nauk (Leningrad)

Activities of the Fedorov Leningrad Urological Society in 1957.

Activities of the Fedorov Leningrad Urological Society in 1957.

(MIRA 11:6)

(UROLOGY)



YAMPOL'SKIY, V.L.; KURENNOY, N.V.

Intermuscular approach through the Grynfelt-Lesshaft triangle in the excision of renal calculi. Urologiia 28 no.3:50-52'63 (MIRA 17:2)

1. Iz urologicheskoy ordena Lenina akademii imeni S.M.Kirova.

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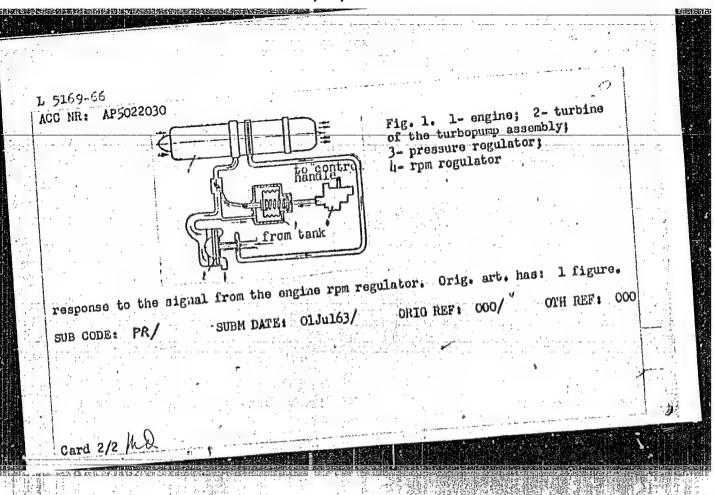
EMP(f)/T-2/STC(m) WW AGG NR: AP5022030 SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/011/0099/0100 AUTHORS 1 Yampol'skiy, V. I.; Tsoy Don Min B ORG: none TITLE: A method for regulating the fuel feed to a gas turbine engine with a turbopump assembly. Class 46, No. 173071 SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 14, 1965, 99-100 TOPIC TAGS: gas turbine engine, gas turbine fuel, engine turbine system, engine fuel pump ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a method for regulating fuel feed to a gas turbine engine with a turbopump assembly (see Fig. 1). To ensure the stability of the engine regulating system at all conditions and to improve the performance, the desired air pressure at the pump turbine is kept constant with an adjustable regulator. To simplify the system, the pressure regulator may be adjusted in

Card 1/2

UDC: 621.646.42+621-552:621.438.454-545.7

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8"



SOV/137-57-10-18722

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1957, Nr 10, p38 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Yampol'skiy, V.M.

TITLE:

Development of the Metallurgical, Crane, Forging-and-pressing, and Crushing-and-grinding Equipment Produced by the Novo-Kramatorskiy Machinery Plant (Razvitiye metallurgicheskogo, kranovogo, kuznechno-pressovogo i drobil'no-razmol'nogo oborudovaniya Novo-Kramatorskogo mashino-stroitel'nogo zavoda)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Novoye v konstruirovanii tyazh. mashin. Moscow, Mashgiz, 1956, pp 184-197

ABSTRACT:

This plant manufactures blast-furnace, steel-smelting, rolling, dressing, crushing-and-grinding, press, hydraulic, and crane equipment. The most complex and time-consuming, both as to design and as to manufacture, is rolling-mill equipment, the list of types made including breakdown mills (M) and small blooming M; large-bar, merchant, small-bar, and wire M; tube rolling and welding M (for furnace welding, resistance welding, the Institute im. Paton method, submerged, and spiral

Card 1/2

electrical welding); special mills, including ball-rolling,

SOV/137-57-10-18722

Development of the Metallurgical (cont.)

helical-rolling, sheet work-hardening, and sheet-rolling M. Many of these M are made here for the first time anywhere in the USSR. The plant has developed noncontact impulse transducers, constituting the basis of automation of the M designed. Of the various M being designed and built, particular attention is given to M for continuous rolling of Al wire, M for the resistance welding of 20-102 mm tubing, an equipment for continuous furnace welding of 1-4" tubing, and a large merchant M for the rolling of Al sections. The plant has carried out major work toward classifying and unifying the elements of rolling equipment: Conveyers with their own drives (direct and via reduction gear), reservoirs, oil coolers, and connections for tube mountings, lubrication installations, full-lubrication bearings. Of the other types of equipment built (other than for rolling), brief descriptions are given of a 600-t hammer mill, a charging-box crane with a 2-hook casting buggy capable of handling 15/3 t; and forging manipulators capable of handling 1, 3, 5, 10, and 15 t, respectively. Data are adduced on modernization of the design of charging box cranes of 3/10, 3/20, and 5/20-t capacity. Information is presented on a new transporter-type charging machine now in the planning stage, which will provide a sharp reduction in charging time and will reduce losses of Card 2/2 heat from the furnace during charging.

s/193/61/000/010/003/008 A004/A101

Marchenko, Yu.N., Yampwol'skiy, V.M.

Equipment for the gas_electric welding of main pipe lines without Byulleten' tekhniko-ekonomicheskoy informatsii, no. 10, 1961, 23-29 AUTHORS:

TITLE:

The authors describe a number of welding installations for the auto-PERIODICAL:

The authors describe a number of Welding Installations for the automatic CO2-shielded electric welding of swivel and non-swivel joints without back

of Swivel and non-swivel joints without back matic CO2-shielded electric welding of swivel and non-swivel joints without back rings developed by the Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institute for structure and non-swivel joints without back institute postroitel rings developed by the Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institute for nauchno-issledovatel skiy institute for nauchno-issledovatel skiy institute postroitel rings developed by the Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institute for nauchno-issledovatel skiy i stvu magistral nykn trupoprovodov (All-Union Scientific Research Institute for The ACR -60 (ASP-60) welding automathe Construction of Main Pipelines) WNIIST. The ACR -60 (ASP-60) welding of the traded for the welding of suivel loants. the Construction of Main Pipelines) VNILDT. The AUII -60 (ASP-60) welding automatic ITTB-1 tic is intended for the welding of swivel joints, while the semi-automatic have been (pmr. 1) welding pistol and the gas electric AC (AS AC) automatic have been tic is intended for the welding of swivel joints, while the semi-automatic RTB (PTV-1) welding pistol and the gas-electric AC-60 (AS-60) automatic have been depicted for the welding of non sudvel loans. designed for the welding of non-swivel joints.

The ASP-60 automatic welds swivel designed for the welding of non-swivel joints. designed for the welding of non-swivel joints. The ASP-bU automatic welds swivel joints of pipes from 529 to 1,020 mm in diameter without back rings with CB08 C 2C (gr. 00000) clockword withe on direct current of newspeed relative Joints of pipes from bey to 1,020 mm in diameter without pack rings with UBUOL 20 (Sv 08628) electrode wire on direct current of reversed polarity. consists of the welding head, correction unit, anchor plate with magazine and control panel. The authors give a detailed description of the shows units and consists of the welding head, correction unit, anchor plate with magazine and control panel. The authors give a detailed description of the above units and

Card 1/4

13 和的数 13

\$/193/61/000/010/003/008 A004/A101

Equipment for the gas-electric welding ...

point out that the electric system of the welding automatic provides for a supply of the control circuit directly from the welding current source with rigid external characteristics. The welding current and the CO2-gas are supplied from the feeding stations consisting of the 3N-7.5/30 (ZP-7.5/30) transformer and the CO2-ramp mounted on a common frame. The current source is a FCII-9000 (GSP-9000) or a Γ -5 (0-5) generator driven by a 3-phase asynchronous motor of 7 - 10 kw and 3,000 rpm: To obtain the external characteristics with the GSP-9000 generator, a P25-AM (R25-AM) carbon voltage regulator is used, while the rigid external characteristics of the G-5 generator are obtained with the P-5-M (R5-M) electromechanical voltage regulator. The CO₂-supply is switched on and off by a special plug cock mounted on the control panel of the automatic. The PTV-1 welding semiautomatic consists of the welding pistol, magazine unit and control panel. A reducer with two cylindrical gears is mounted on the pistol, the reducer being driven by the small-size MH-145 (MN-145) d-c shunt motor. The magazine unit can take up to 4 kg electrode wire and is fitted with a wire feed speed control rheostat, a voltage regulation rheostat and electromagnetic gas valve. The PTV-1 semi-automatic welder ensures a steady welding process on 120 - 250 amp currents at an arc voltage of 22-25 V. Two semi-automatics are supplied from the special ACAΠ -2x300 Γ (ASDP-2x300G) assembly with two ΓCΓ-300 (GSG-300) welding genera-

Card 2/4

s/193/61/000/010/003/008 A004/A101

Equipment for the gas-electric welding ...

tors, calculated for welding currents of up to 300 amp at a duty cycle of 65%; their regulation range is 80 - 300 amp. The generators are driven by the SaA3--2047 (YaAZ-2040) diesel engine. The PE 200 (RB-200) ballast rheostat mounted on the current and gas supply station makes it possible to carry out manual welding with the GSG-300 generator. The AS-60 welding automatic consists of the welding head bogie, correction unit, double roller and bush chain with stretching device and electrode wire magazine. The aluminum reducer housing of the welding bogie is the basic supporting part of the welding automatic design. A special friction coupling makes it possible to displace the welder on the pipe by hand during setting operations. The welding bogie is fitted with a small-size d-c MY -431 (MU-431) motor. The welding speed can be regulated within a range of 3 to 15 m/hour. The welding head design of the automatic AS-60 welder is analogous to the head of the ASP-60 welding automatic. The welding process is remotecontrolled from a portable hand-operated control board. The following technical specifications are given:

Card 3/4

S/193/61/000/010/003/K/C8 A004/A101

Equipment for the gas-electric welding ...

Parameters	ASP-60	AS-60	PTV-1
electrode wire diameter, mm amperage, amp electrode wire feed speed, m/hour drive motor for the electrode wire feed mechanism: type voltage, v power, w motor driving the welding bogie travel mechanism weight, kg	1.2-2.0 170-400 150-450 MU-431 27 400	1,0-1,2 90-200 100-260 MU-320 27 100 MU-431 20	1.0-1.2 120-250 120-300 MN-145 24 16

According to estimates, the introduction of the ASF-60 welding automatics for the welding of swivel joints of main pipelines 1,500 km in length will save more than 140,000 rubles, while the use of the AS-60 automatic welder will save more than 100,000 rubles on a pipeline 720 mm in diameter and 1,500 km long. There are 3 figures and 1 table.

Card 4/4

S/122/61/000/012/003/008 D221/D303

AUTHOR:

Yampol'skiy, V.M., Engineer

Forge manipulator with a capacity of 30 t

TITLE:

Vestnik mashinostroyeniya, no. 12, 1961, 37 - 39

The Elektrostal'skiy zavod tyazhelogo mashinostroyeniya PERIODICAL:

(Electric Steel Heavy Engineering Plant) has started production of a 30 t capacity forge manipulator for mechanization of presses up to 3000 t. The load moment of the unit is 80 tm (equal to the product of weight of forging and the distance from its center of graduct of weight of forging and the distance from its center of graduct of the center of graduity to the cente vity to the center of gripping jaws of the manipulator). Shafts up to 5.3 m long, or 8 m when their weight is 23 t and diameter 0.73 m can be handled without a crane. All drives are hydraulic. The manipulator is made of a welded frame travelling along a rail track, yoke with jaws, and mechanisms for gripping, rotating and side slewing, as well as hoisting and levelling off. In addition there is a pump installation and a control panel. The above ensures a translatory motion of the unit 10 m long, gripping and turning of the ingot and its lift by the yoke. The levelling of the latter Oard 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8"

s/122/61/000/012/003/008 D221/D303

Forge manipulator with a ...

provides a parallel lift. The yoke can be slewed to the right and left by 3030' with the side pivoting mechanism. The translatory mechanism consists of two hydraulic cylinders which actuate racks for rotating pinions, connected through a clutch and a step-up gear transmission to the rear driving wheels. The front wheels are placed on balancing beams. The gripping mechanism comprises a twoplunger cylinder, nitrogen-oil accumulator and jaws. The large diameter piston is used for ingot gripping, whereas the small one opens the jaws. The accumulator ensures a prolonged holding of ingots. Maximum diameter of gripping is 1250 mm, speed of clamping up to 2 m/min., and the speed of release is up to 20 m/min. rotation mechanism is fixed on the yoke between thrust bearings and consists of two cylinders connected with racks which rotate a pinion on the vertical shaft. The rotation of the sleeve is ensured by bevel gears, with speeds up to 8 rpm. Lifting is obtained by a toggle mechanism actuated by two cylinders. The descent of the yoke is due to its own weight. The levelling-off mechanism is mountained ted at the rear of the yoke, with a cylinder acting on tension rods, and a crankshaft actuated by two cylinders for levelling Card 2/3

Forge manipulator with a ...

S/122/61/000/012/003/003 D221/D303

operation. The side slewing is obtained by two cylinders rigidly joined to the lifting arms, and operating alternatively. The pump installation consists of two units of radial piston types, H7M-715 (NPM-715) and H7C-200M (NPS-200M) driven by electric motors of 75 and 55 kW, oil cooler and two tanks. The driver's cabin comprises a pump unit for control actuation and the control panel. There are 2 figures.

Card 3/3

WORNOVITSKIY, I.N., inzh.; YAMPOL'SKIY, V.M., inzh.

Remote control of the welding current. Svar.proizv. no.1:33 Ja '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tverdykh splavov. (Electric welding) (Remote control)

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	AUTHOR: Yampol'skiy, V. M. (Candidate of technical sciences)	5
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	arc welded in vacuum with a consumable electrode	l#
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	welding community electrode welding, Sullar and Khil 8N9T	
	TOPIC TAGS: yearnm are welding, consumable electrode welding, stainless steen, 1Kh18N9T chromium nickel steel, welding, titanium alloy, welding, aluminum alloy, chromium nickel steel, VT-1 titanium, OT-4 titanium alloy, AMG-6 aluminum alloy, chromium nickel steel, VT-1 titanium, OT-4 titanium alloy, AMG-6 aluminum alloy,	
	chromium nickel steel,	h
	to the in 1kh 1809T austenitic chromium-nickel steel in vacuum	
•	titanium, O' titalitation have been investigated. Welds 1 15-10-1 mm Hg with	
	vith a consumable electrode have been investigated. Welds the 1Kh18N9T-steel spectation with a consumable electrode have been investigated. Welds the 1Kh18N9T-steel spectation with a consumable electrode have been investigated. Welds the 1Kh18N9T-steel spectation with a consumable electrode in a vacuum of 1.5·10-1 mm Hg with 1-25 mm thick and 350 mm long made in a vacuum of 1.5·10-1 mm Hg and electrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to that of conveneelectrodes 1-5 mm in diameter had a tensile strength tomparable to the tensile strength to the tensile strength to the tensile strength tomparable to the tensile strength to the tensile strength to the tensile	
	electrodes 1 notes toughness: 13.0 kgm/cm at 11. om h +i+enium alloy	
	tional welds, but a higher moter specimens of VT-1 titanium and OT-4 titanium and OT	
	21.6 kgm/cm ² at 1.5·10 ⁻² mm hg. Spectrodes 1.5—5.0 mm in diameter also were 12.6 kgm/cm ² for the base 2—60 mm thick welded with VT-1 electrodes 1.5—5.0 mm in diameter also were 12.8 kgm/cm ² for the base have a higher notch toughness, e.g., 16.8 kgm/cm ² for VT-1 titanium compared to 12.8 kgm/cm ² for the base have a higher notch toughness, e.g., 16.8 kgm/cm ² for VT-1 titanium compared to 12.8 kgm/cm ² for the base have a higher notch toughness, e.g., 16.8 kgm/cm ² for VT-1 titanium compared to 12.8 kgm/cm ² for the base have a higher notch toughness, e.g., 16.8 kgm/cm ² for VT-1 titanium compared to 12.8 kgm/cm ² for the base have a higher notch toughness, e.g., 16.8 kgm/cm ² for VT-1 titanium compared to 12.8 kgm/cm ² for the base have a higher notch toughness, e.g., 16.8 kgm/cm ² for VT-1 titanium compared to 12.8 kgm/cm ² for the base have a higher notch toughness.	
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ACC NR. AP6030940

metal. Specimens of AMG-6 and ATsM (1.6-2.1% magnesium, 0.4-0.8% manganese, 4.2-4.8% zinc) aluminum alloys were vacuum welded with AMG-6 electrodes. Both the ductility and strength of the welds was higher than that of welds made by other methods. Elongation, for instance, was twice as high as that of argon-shielded arc welds. It was established in general that vacuum arc-welded joints are practically free of pores, cracks and nonmetallic impurities and that their mechanical properties, particularly the characteristics of ductility, are much higher than those of welds obtained by other welding methods. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 9 tables.

SUB CODE: 11, 13/ SUBM DATE: 11Mar66/ ORIG REF: 005/ ATD PRESS: 5079

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8"

EWP(k)/ENP(h)/EWT(d)/EWP(1)/EWP(v) I. 05231-67 SOURCE CO DE: UR/0372/65/000/012/G004/G004 ACC NR: AR6017093 AUTHOR: Yampol'skiy, V. Z. B TITLE: A method of realizing the control law in programmed control systems SOURCE: Ref. zh. Kibernetika, Abs. 12G24 REF SOURCE: Mezhvuz. sb. tr. Zap. -Sib. sovet po koordinatsii i planir. nauchno-issled. rabot po tekhn. i yestestv. naukam, vyp. 4, 1965, 24-28 TOPIC TAGS: automaton, control theory, automatic programming ABSTRACT: A type of digital automata (DA) whose functioning pattern is determined by the levels: $a_{(t)} = \delta(a_{(t-1)})$, $y_{(t)} = \lambda(a_{(t)})$, (t = 0, 1, 2, ...) is proposed as a means of exact realization of the control law in programmed control systems. Methods of synthesis of DA as based on the canonical method os structural synthesis of DA are described. An example of DA synthesis by these methods is presented. The positive results of the synthesis of DA are described. 2 illustrations. Bibliography of 2 titles. SUB CODE: 09, 12/

L 32738-66

ACC NR: AP6011713

SOURCE CODE: UR/0203/66/006/002/0409/0411

4/8

AUTHOR: Yampol'skiy, V. S.

ORG: Omsk State Teachers Institute im. A. M. Gor'kiy (Omskiy gosudarstvennyy pedagog-

icheskiy institut)

TITLE: Dispersion of the electrical properties of soils

SOURCE: Geomagnetizm i aeronomiya, v, 6, no. 2, 1966, 409-411

TOPIC TAGS: electric property, soil property, soil, electric conductivity

ABSTRACT: The author measured the local conductivities of soils in Western Siberia, Kazakhstan, and Central Asia. The accumulated data permits the conclusion that there are soil types for which the local conductivity does not depend on the frequency in the 150—750 kc range. These soil types are determined not by the chemical composition but by the physical properties. The main factors in this case are that the ground waters lie below the skin layer for the longest wave of the range (this depth is 2.5—13 m when the local conductivity equals 10—30 mmho/m) and that the displacement current can be disregarded (at the given frequencies this condition is fulfilled practically for all soils except that of the

Card 1/2

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8

L 32738-66

ACC NR: AP6011713

desert). Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 1 table.

SUB CODE: 08,20 / SUBM DATE: 28Jul65 / ORIG REF: 006

Card 2/2 15

YAMPOL'SKIY, V.Y. AMPITEATROVA, T.A.

Investigating the deformation of metals under the effect of low stress. Part 1. Regularity of creep in copper and aluminum. Fig. met. 1 metalloved. 4 no.1:131-140 '57. (MLRA 10:5)

1. Moskovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni M.V. Lomonosova. (Creep of metals) (Copper-Testing) (Aluminum-Testing)

DVOYRIN, Yakov Abramovich; YAMPOL'SKIY, Ya.H., nauchnyy red.; NIKITINA, R.D., red.; TSAL, H.K., tekhn.red.

[Modern protective coating processes in the manufacture of marine engines] Sovremennye proteessy zashchitnykh pokrytii v sudovom mashinostroenii. Leningrad, Gos.soiuznoe izd-vo sudostroit. promyshl., 1960. 81 p. (MIRA 13:11)

(Marine engines) (Protective coatings)

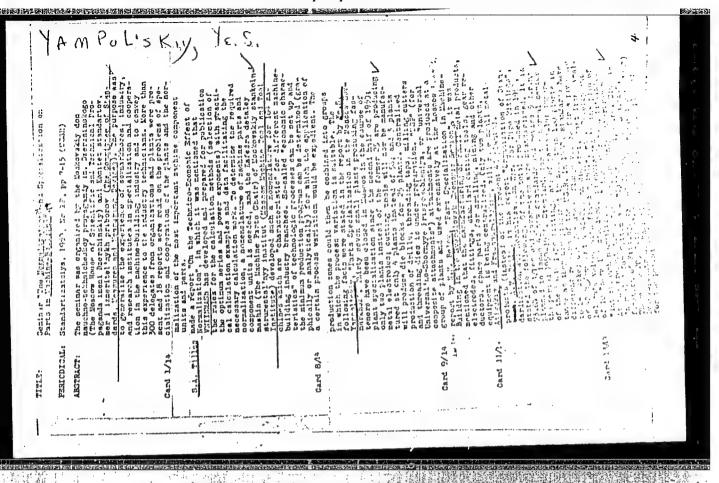
L 17208-66 EVT(d)/EVP(1)SOURCE CODE: UR/0271/66/000/005/A026/A026 ACC NR: AR6027180 AUTHOR: Yampol'skiy, V. Z.; Perfil'yev, L. V. R TITLE: Code -to-voltage converter with semiconductor triodes SOURCE: Ref. zh. Avtomat telemekh i vychisl tekhn, Abs. 5A174 REF SOURCE: Izv. Tomskogo politekhn. in-ta, no. 138, 1965, 115-123 TOPIC TAGS: semiconductor triode, code converter ABSTRACT: A code-to-voltage converter on a semiconductor triode base has been investigated. The device has keys according to the number of code discharges and the "weight" resistances. When load parameters and values of standard voltage potential are selected properly, the device's error does not exceed 0.5%. Orig. art. has: 5 figures. [Translation of abstract] [NT] SUB CODE: 14/

Card 1/1 fv.

UDC: 62-52:681, 142, 621

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性研究于他的,其影響的社會市場的經過學術的學術學術學 的对话和公司的证据是不好

AYZENBERG, B.I., inzh.; KLEYMENOV, B.M., inzh.; MAMONTOV, S.K., inzh.; MEYL'MAN, B.M., inzh.; MINDLIN, Ya.S., inzh.; PALANT, A.M., inzh.; YAMPOL'SKIY. Ye.S., inzh.; ZOTOV, I.S., inzh., retsenzent; YAKOVLEVA, V.I., red.izd-va; CHKRNOVA, E.I., tekhn.red.

[Design of machinery plants; manual on the organization and methods of designing] Proektirovanie mashinostroitel nykh zavodov; spravochnoe posobie po organizatsii i metodike proektirovaniia. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo mashinostroit.lit-ry, 1960. 379 p. (MIRA 13:7)

(Machinery industry)

YAMPOL'SKIY, Ye.S.

Specialization of enterprises of the Moscow Economic Council.
Biul.tekk.*ckon.inform. no.6:72-74 '60. (MIRA 13:8)

(Moscow--Industrial management)

YAN POLISKIY, Ye.S.

Developing the output of specialized plastic-part plants in the Moscow Economic Region. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.1:75-76 '61. (KIRA 14:2)

(Moscow-Plastics industry)

s/028/61/000/002/003/006 B116/B206

AUTHOR:

Yampol'skiy, Ye. S.

TTLE:

Specializing the production of assemblies and individual parts

at the establishments of the Mosgorsovnarkhoz

Standartizatsiya, no. 2, 1961, 11-15

TEXT: The Moskovskiy gorodskoy sovnarkhoz (Moscow Municipal sovnarkhoz) conducts the standardization and normalization in the following way: elaboration of State standards projects for products manufactured by the sovnarkhoz; elaboration of standardized parts for assemblies and individual parts of machines, drive units, instruments and production means for general use; elaboration of classification according to dimension of machines and drive units with extensive use of standardized elements. 127 standards were elaborated from January, 1958 to 1960, inclusively. About 70% of the products manufactured by the plants of the Mosgorsovnarkhoz are produced according to standards and from standardized parts. A special production of cutting tools was organized at the zavod "Borets" ("Borets" Plant), which supplied about 1,000,000 cutting tools to

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Specializing the production...

45 plants in 1960. The replacement of mechanical treatment of cutting toolholders by die forging with subsequent calibration (between smooth slides) of the contact surface and fit is provided for at this plant. Universal assembly devices are extensively used at Moscow plants, conditioned by the production of components made from standardized parts. The Proyektno-tekhnologicheskiy institut sovnarkhoza (Design and Planning Technological Institute of the sovnarkhoz) at present elaborates standardized parts for molds by using type blocks and standardized parts for universal fitting devices. With the aid of the Orgstankinprom, the sovnarkhoz prepares measures for specializing and centralizing the production of gears. This problem is simultaneously solved for the Moscow Municipal sovnarkhoz and the Moskovskiy oblastnoy sovnarkhoz (Moscow oblast' sovnarkhoz). The Mosgorsovnarkhoz centralized the manufacture of packing material and set up a special Interbranch Trust "Promtara". Moreover, a mezhotraslevaya nauchno-issledovatel'skaya laboratoriya "NILTARA" (Interbranch Scientific Research Laboratory "NILTARA") is available with an experimental workshop and a test stand. Corrugated cardboard is mainly used instead of lumber. The production of packing material was mechanized. 20 mechanized lines are at present available for the assembly of boxes.

Card 2/5

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Specializing the production...

The Spetsial noye konstruktorskoye byuro Mosgorsovnarkhoza (SKB-1) (Specialized Design Office of the Mosgorsovnarkhoz) designs unit machine tools for drilling, boring, reaming, thread cutting, etc. They consist of standardized basic assemblies comprising 6 groups. The assemblies are combined by means of electric connections. Standardization is here made according to dimensions and within each dimension. Standardized head stocks with individual spindle drive are used. On the occasion of the July Plenum of the CC CPSU, the first of 7 machine assembly lines was taken into operation at the Moskovskiy tormoznoy zavod (Moscow Brake Plant) in 1960. The design of compressors and refrigerating machines were standardized at the "Borets" and "Kompressor" plants in Moscow and 32 other plants in 17 economic rayons. The classification according to dimension of crosshead compressors for general use with capacities of 10, 20, 30, 50, and 100 m3/min at 8 atm was newly developed. More than 20 combinations of refrigerating machines including automatically controlled ones can be constructed on the basis of the closed refrigeration compressor of the design by the TsKBKhM and the "Kompressor" Plant. The Mosgorsovnarkhoz standardizes and specializes radioengineering and instrument production. 13 scientific research institutes and specialized design offices are con-Card 3/5

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

S/028/61/000/002/003/006 B116/B206

Specializing the production ...

sulted for this purpose. The centralization of the production of locations on plastic basis at 5 plants obviated their production in 21 plants. On the basis of the private car model 407, the Moskovskiy zavcd malolitrazhnykh avtomobiley (Moscow Compact Car Plant) manufactures 8 more models, 80 to 95% of the individual parts and assemblies being standardized. The five automobile models produced by the avtozavod im. Likhacheva (Automobile Plant imeni Likhachev) have 19 standardized assemblies. At the Moskovskiy elektromashinostroitel'nyy zavod "Dinamo" im. Kirova (Moscow Electric Machine Construction Plant "Dinamo" imeni Kirov), the protective cowlings for crane drives were standardized. The Mossow Plant of Television Sets has taken up the series production of six sets using standardized and normalized assemblies and individual parts. In these sets, a standard block is used for switching the television channels, thus warranting a reliable reception on each of the 12 TV channels. The stators of the eight- and ten-pole electromotors of the type AK (AK) were standardized at the elektromashinostroitelinyy zavod im. Vladimira Ilicha (Electromachine Construction Plant imeni Vladimir Il'ich). The working plan of the establishments and organizations of the sovnarkhoz determined definite time limits with regard to standardization

Card 4/5

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8

Specializing the production...

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and normalization, as well as the persons entrusted with this work (laid down by the Komitet standartov, mer i izmeritel nykh priborov pri Sovete Ministrov SSSR (Committee on Standards, Measures, and Measuring Instruments at the Council of Ministers of the USSR)).

Card 5/5

YAMPOL'SKIY, Ye.S.

Organizing the production of nonstandard equipment and of the means of mechanization. Biul. tekh.-ekon. inform. no. 4:79-80 '61. (MIRA 14:5)

(Moscow-Machinery industry)

In the Moscow City Economic Council. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform.
(MIRA 14:8)

(Moscow-Economic councils)

YAMPOL'SKIY.	Ye.S.
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Exhibition of the achievements of industrial enterprises of the Moscow City Economic Council at the Exhibition of the Achievements of the National Economy. Riul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.2:79-80 '62. (MIRA 15:3) (Moscow--Exhibitions) (Moscow--Industry)

YAMPOL'SKIY, Ye.S.

Organizational practice in introducing new equipment in enterprises of the Moscow City Economic Council. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform.

Gos.nauch.-issl.inst.nauch.i tekh.inform. no.5:84-86 '62.

(MIRA 15:7)

(Moscow-Technological innovations)

YAMPOL'SKIY, Ye.S.

In the Main Administration of Government Consultations: design building for the construction of a bearing plant. Biul. stroi. tekh. 20 no.10:45-46 0 '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Nachal'nik otdela mashinostroitel'noy promyshlennosti Glavnogo upravleniya gosudarstvennoy ekspertizy Gosstroya SSSR.

YAMPOL'SKIY, Ye.S.

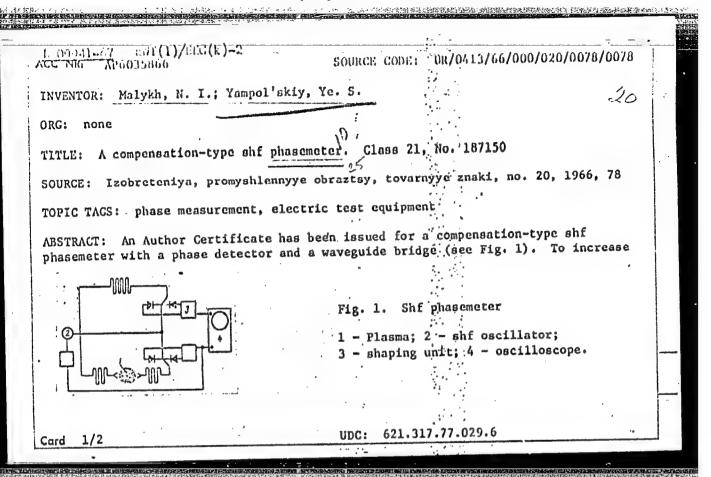
Design task for the reconstruction of a motor building factory. Biul. stroi. tekh. 20 no.12:43-44 D '63. (MIRA 17:8)

1. Nachal'nik otdela mashinostroitel'noy promyshlennosti Glavnogo upravleniya gosudarstvennoy ekspertizy Gosstroya SSSR.

TAN AUTO BATTA CAMMATTICAN IN MANIT AND A MARKET CO. A.

ZOTOV, I.S.; GOVSIYEVICH, R.Ye.; KUTSIN, B.M.; FRANTSUZ, R.A.; ORLOV, N.A., prof., retsenzent; YAMPOL'SKIY, Ye.S., inzh., red.

[Economic analysis of projects of machine manufacturing plants] Ekonomicheskoe obornovanie proektov mashino-stroitel'nykh zavodov. Moskva, Izd-vo "Mashinostroenie," 1964. 398 p. (MIRA 17:6)



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ACCESSION NR: AT4025299

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AUTHORS: Maly %h, L. Ya.; Maly*kh, N. I.; Perepelkin, N. F.; Utkina, L. A.; Yampol'skiy, Ye. S.

TITLE: Measurement of the diameter of a plasma column by a velocity phase meter

SOURCE: Diagnostika plazmy* (Plasma diagnostics); sb. statey. Moscow, Gosatomizdat, 1963, 104-111

TOPIC TAGS: plasma column, plasma distribution, plasma electromagnetic property, distribution statistics, reflected radiation

ABSTRACT: A procedure is described for measuring the diameter of a reflecting cylindrical plasma surface with density 1.7×10^{13} cm⁻³ by means of a velocity phase meter. The connection between the phase of the reflected signal and the position of the reflecting surface is established for the instant of time when the density on the axis

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ACCESSION NR: AT4025299

of the plasma column passes through the critical value. To determine this connection it is necessary to know the maximum phase of the reflected signal and the form of the distribution of the electrons along the radius of the chamber. The laboratory apparatus used for the purpose is described, and the applicability of the theoretical estimate to practical installations is evaluated. It is shown that when the distance to the plasma is smaller than 70% of the radius, the form of the distribution function influences little of the reflecting surface, so that the proposed method is suitable when the distribution is constant during the time of the measurements, at least if the distance exceeds 70% of the radius. Orig. art. has:

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 190ct63

SUB CODE: ME

DATE ACQ: 16Apr64

NR REF SOV: 003

ENCL: 02

OTHER: 001

Card 2/42

MALYKH, L.Ya.; MALYKH, N.I.; PEREPELKIN, N.F.; YAMPOL'SKIY, Ye.S.

High-speed phasemeter in the 8 mm, range. Prib. 1 tekh. (MIRA 17:5) eksp. 9 no.2:93-95 Mr-Ap'64.

1. Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut Gosudarstvennogo komiteta po ispol'zovaniyu atomnoy energii SSSR.

YAMPOL'SKY, YAMPOL'SKIY, Ye. V., Engs.

- 2. USSR (600)
- 4. Cooling Towers
- 7. Regulating the work of cooling towers, Elek. sta., 23, No. 10, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953, Unclassified.

L 1363-66 EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(j)/EWA(c) ACCESSION NR: AP5020833 RPL WW/RM UR/0020/65/163/004/0920/0923 AUTHOR: Brodskiv. A. M.; Kalinenko, Yu. P.; Lavrovskiy, K. P. W. Yampol'skiy TITLE: Mechanisms of the conversions of ethylene and acetylene during hydrocarbon pyrolysis A SOURCE: AN SSSR Doklady, v. 163, no. 4, 1965, 920-923 TOPIC TAGS: pyrolysis, acetylene, ethylene, temperature conversion, excited state, hydrocarbon ABSTRACT: An explanation of the course and mechanism of acetylene conversion under ethylene pyrolysis conditions was sought in this study of pyrolysis in the 800-1000 C range of mixtures of ethylene and tagged acetylene. Acetylene conversion was determined from the distribution of radioactivity in the pyrolysis products. At the lower temperatures none of the pyrolysis products except coke was formed from acetylene, and formation of coke and methane was minimum at 900 C. Participation of acetylene in the formation of other gaseous products increased with temperature. The energy of activation is about 10 kcal/mol. It was concluded that benzene was formed equally by reactions involving no acetylene

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L 1363-66 ACCESSION NR: AP5020833

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and reactions in which only acetylene and its conversion products took part.

Traces of cyclohexane formed below 900 C disappeared at elevated temperatures, and apparently it is intermediate in the formation of untagged benzene. Very little acetylene was used to form methane and divinyl. The coke deposited at the lower temperature was primarily formed directly from the acetylene. At 950-1000 C the coke was formed as a result of the conversion of ethylene and other hydrocarbons having low specific radioactivity. The energy of activation for hydrocarbons is about 80 kcal/mol. The acetylene added initially to the ethylene these reactions is about 80 kcal/mol. The acetylene added initially to the ethylene decomposed much faster than acetylene formed during the course of pyrolysis. This may be associated with the formation of the excited triplet state in acetylene but needs further investigation. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 11 equations, and 1

ASSOCIATION: Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza im. A. V. Topchiyeva AN SSSR

(Institute of Petrochemical Synthesis AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 16Oct64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: GC

NR REF SOV: 004

Card 2/2

OTHER: 004

NITIE: Transformations of ethylene, at he source: Neftekhimiya, v. 4, no. 5, 1964 to TOPIC TAGS: ethylene, high temperature kinetics Abstract: The kinetics and mechanism of were investigated in a surbulent reaction at a pressure of 100 mm of mercury. 1.6 reactions begin to predominate, while place at an appreciable rate. Kinetic tion of the basic reaction products. 3, benzene, and coke. Ethane, propyle tutenes, vinylacetylene and cyclopenta and strivene were also detected among the second-order.	PR/0204/64/004/005/0691/0699 A. H.: Kalinenko, R. A.; Lavrovakiy, R. P. igh temperatures 691-699 phenomenon, reaction mechanism, chemical of the thermal transformations of ethylene or within the temperature range 800-1100°C c. under conditions at which decomposition the polymerization reactions and the accumulation the polymerization reactions and the accumulation theydrogen, methane, acetylene, hutadiene-1, me, allene, methylacetylene, isometic diene, traces of cyclohexene, toluene, he reaction products. Butadiene-1,3 reaction from C2H4, with an activation y extered into fruther transformations for motion was 18 % kral/mole
The authors express thei gratitule	to J. M. Knipov . a for the assistant and
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ACCESSION NR: AP5010561

carrying out the experiments, and to N. Ya. Chernyak for the assistance in the identification of vinyl-acetylene and cyclopentadiene by the method of mass-spectroscopy. Orig. art. has: 1 figure, 8 formulas, 5 graphs, 4 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza im. A. V. Topchiyeva, AN SSSR (Institute of Petrochemical Synthesis, AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 12Mar64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: OC, GC

NO REF SOV: 005

OTHER: 012

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Card 2/2

BRODSKIY, A.M.; KALIMENKO, R.A.; LAVROVSKIY, K.P.; SHEVEL KOYA, L.V.;

Regularities in the transformations of ethylene and acctylene during high-temperature decomposition of hydrocarbons, Dokl. AN (MIRA 18:5) SSSR 163 no.4:920-923 Ag 165.

1. Institut neftekhimichenkogo sintoza im. A.V.Topchiyeva AN SSSR. 2. Chlem-korrespondent AN SSCR (for Lavrovskiy).

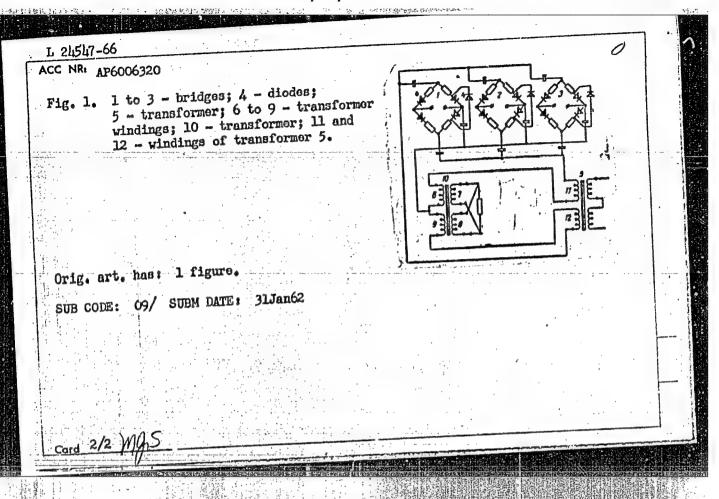
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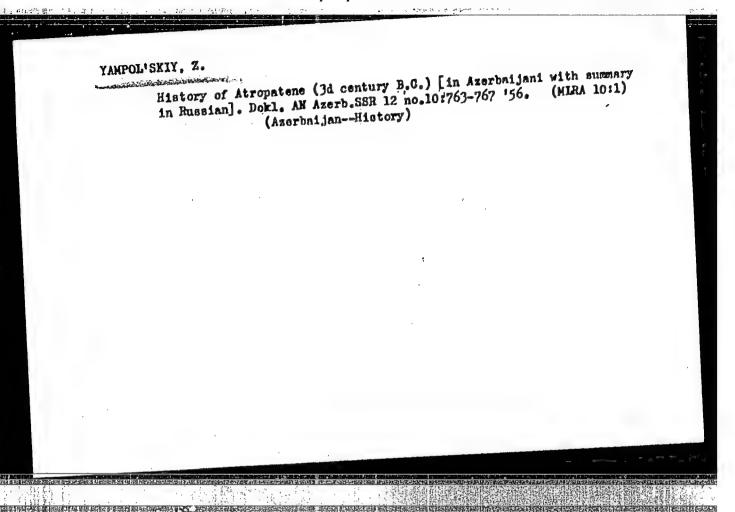
CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8

UR/0413/66/000/002/0042/0043 SOURCE CODE: ACC NR AP6006320 AUTHOR: Yampol'skiy, ORG: none TITLE: A phase-sensitive summing modulator of Class 21, No. 177936 Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 2, 1966, 42-43 SOURCE: TOPIC TAGS: phase measurement, electronic circuit, signal modulation, SIGNAL ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate presents a phase-sensitive summing modulator containing diode bridge modulators and differential transformers (see Fig. 1). The design eliminates the mutual distortion effects of the signals being summed when the internal registance of one or several of the input circuits is changed. The output diagonals of the bridges are paralleled through capacitors to a low ohm load. This load is organized for the effective composite signal by two in-phase windings of the commutated transformer and by the two opposite-phase windings of the measurement transformer. The center point of the measurement transformer is connected with one of the points of the input diagonal of each of the bridge modulators. 621.376.223 UDC: Card 1/2

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YAMPOL'SKIY, Z., kand. istoricheskikh nauk

Ancient records of the surfacing of oil and gas in Azerbaijan.

12v. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 8 no.4:119 '65. (MIRA 18:5)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8

L 26791-66 ACC NR: AP6017440	SOURCE CODE: UR/0119/66/000/001/0014/0015
AUTHOR: Yampol'skiy, Zh. A. (Engineer) ORG: none TITLE: Tachometric devices in the analog instruments SOURCE: Priborostroyeniye, no. 1, 1966, TOPIC TAGS: tachometer, ferromagnetic managnetic managne	aterial, magnetic induction proposed for industrial a-c tachometers. ivided into two classes. Reversible e and direction of angular velocity class. The class of nonreversing the common class. Three types of ribed: magnetic induction devices, the saturated ferromagnetic cores. ighly accurate (1-0.5%), operate in a poth reversible and nonreversible resistant. Capacitor frequency meters metric devices after the development ments have an accuracy of 0.5-2.5%. The property with an external at that reversible tachometric devices and ferromagnetic core may be developed.
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ACCESSION NR: ATSOLIGOO

U2/0000/64/000/000/0104/0111

AUTHOR: Yampol'skiy, Zh. A., Hikhelovskiy, V. V.

TITLE: Controllable two-phase and single-phase reversible asynchronous micromotors 4455 (cagneto-cotor explifiers)

SOURCE: Veezoyuznoye soveshchaniye po magnitnym elementem avtomatiki, telemekhaniki, izmritel noy i vychialitel noy tekhniki. Lvov, 1962. Hagnitnyye elementy avtomatiki, telemekhaniki, izermitel noy i vychialitel noy tekhniki (Hagnetic element, of automatic control, remote control, measurement and computer engineering); trudy soveshchaniye, Kiev, Haukova dumka, 1964, 104-111

TOPIC TACS: reversible asynchronous motor, magnetomotor amplifier, two phase asynchronous motor, single phase asynchronous motor, magnetic amplifier

ABSTRACT: It is desirable to control asynchronous motors by acting directly on the machanical parameters of such motors by means of small control signals acting on the magnetic circuit and representing simultaneously a part of a built-in amplifier. Eack in 1949, Prof. L. I. Gutenmakher proposed (Avtorskoye svidetel'stvo No. 199831-III from 28/IV 1949) a velocity control by means of direct DC magnetization of the stators of asynchronous motors. However, the control power had to be on the order of several watts. A significant reduction of power was achieved by Card 1/2

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2. 如此,因此是所有人的"是如此的好好的,我们可以不知识的的。"

L 6919-66

ACCESSION NIL: ATSOLIGOO

means of a magneto-motor amplifiers (MM) utilizing magnetizing elements (see, e.g., Zh. A. Yampol'skiy, D. V. Svecharnik, V. V. Mikhalevskiy, Upravlysyemyy reversivnyy dvukhfaznyy asinkhronnyy elektrodvigatel', Avtorskoye svidatel'stvo No. 129730 from 23/X 1959, Byulleten' importanty, 13, 1960). The present article discusses various fundamental constructive solutions of the MM's. A two-phase experimental MMA was designed and produced at the "Toplopribor" scientific-research institute headed by D. V. Svecharnikov. It has an amplification factor of 1000 or more, and with a 1-mm air gap the sensitivity is of the order of 10-5 watts and the power amplification is of the order of 100. The authors also discuss in detail the design and experimental construction of single-phase MM's. They note, however, that the theory and the methods of design of the MM's are still only approximate and require further development. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUMMITTED: 29Sep64

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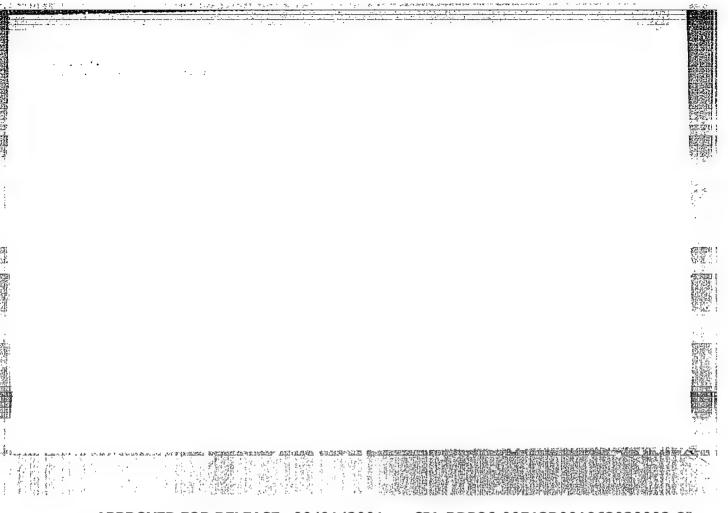
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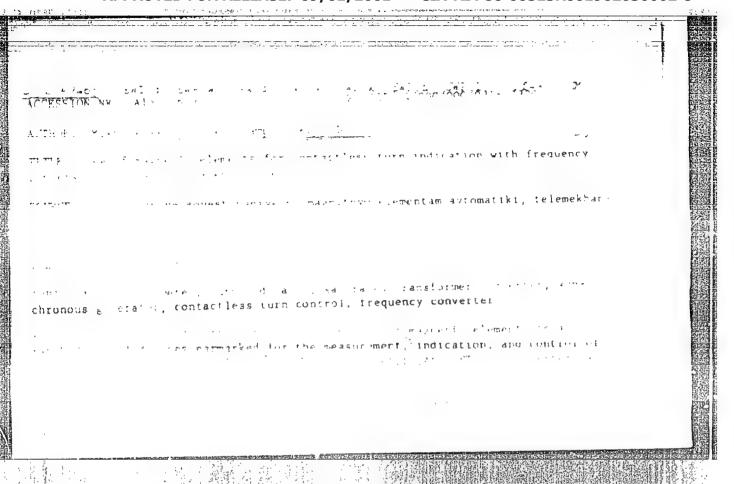
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YAMPOL'SKIY, Z.I.

An antique author's communication about Talge Island. Dokl. All (MIHA 11:4) Azerb. SSR 14 no.2:177-181 '58.

1. Nuzey istorii. Predstavleno akademikom AN AzerSSR A.O. Makovel!skim.

(Caspian Sea--Island) (Mela, Pomponius)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

TAMPOL'SKIY, Z.I.; SHAKHMALIYEY, E.M., red.; GUKASYAN, A., tekhm. red.

[Travelers' reports on Azerbaijan] Puteshestvenniki ob Azerbaidzhane. Pod red. E.M.Shakhmalieva. Baku. Vol. 1961. 497 p.

1. Akademiya nauk Azerbaidzhanskoy SSR, Baku. Institut istorii.

(Azerbaijan—Description and travel)

YAMRYSHKO, A.; SERGEYEV, N.

The auditing group should constitute a part of the accounting section. Sov. torg. 36 no.11:30-32 N '62. (MIRA (MIRA 16:1)

1. Glavnyy bukhgalter Ministerstva torgovli UkrSSR (for Yamryshko). 2. Glavnyy bukhgalter Kiyevskogo gorodskogo upravleniya torgovli (for Sergeyev).

(Ukraine—Retail trade—Auditing and inspection)

YAMSHAHOV, P. I.

Iskusstvennos davlenie v pribyliakh otlivok. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1949. 77, (3) p. illus.

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Artificial pressure in heads of castings.

DIC: TS233.13

SO: Manufacturing and Mechanical Engineering in the Soviet Union, Library of Congress, 1953.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001962030002-8

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Problem of developing and introducing a methol for higher gas pressure in rivers. Lit. proiz., No. 7, 1952.

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Effect of gas pressure in riser heads on the quality of the casting. Trudy Ural. politekh. inst. no.60:135-139 '56.

(MLRA 9:10)

(Founding) (Metal castings-Quality control)

YAMSHANOV, P.I., kandidat tekhnicheskikh nauk; TYULENEVA, T.A., inzhener.

Causes for the occurrence of stony fracture and cold cracks in 35KhNL steel castings. Trudy Ural. politekh. inst. no.60: (MLRA 9:10) 140-143 *56.

(Steel castings--Testing)

YAMBHANOV, P. I.

Puljija suljuk k diju- ili kultusiski iz dulomba.

Yamshanov, P. I. and Tyuleneva, T. A., "Stone-like Structure of Fractures in 35khNL Steel Castings." p. 76

Yamshanov, P. I. and Voronova, I. I., "Causes of Crack Formation under Lost Heads of Steel Castings." p. 88 (may be p. 48)

Yamshanov, P. I. and Tyuleneva, "Cracks in Steal Castings." p. 99

Making of Targe Castings, Moscow, Mashitz, 1958, 108pp. (Sbor. st. UZIM, No. 4,'58) (This book was prepared for the 25th Anniversary of the Uralmashzavod. The stages of founding development in the paint and the plant's progress and schievements in this field are described.

SOV/123-59-20-84085

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Mashinostroyeniye, 1959, Nr 20, p 213 (USSR)

Yamshanov, P.I., Tyuleneva, T.A. AUTHORS:

TITLE:

The Lithoidal Fracture Structure of Castings From 35KhNL Grade Steel

PERIODICAL:

Sb. statey Ural skiy z-d tyazh. mashinostr. im. S. Ordzhonikidze, 1958,

Nr 4, pp 76 - 87

ABSTRACT:

In order to elucidate the nature of the lithoidal fracture of 35KhNL grade steel castings, the temperature at which cracks appear was investigated. In the critical temperature range (700 - 200°C), 35KhNL steel possesses a lithoidal fracture which is characterized by a destruction along the borders of primary grains. The formation of a lithoidal fracture in steel castings can be enhanced by the following factors: the alloying components Cr, Ni; increased metal temperature in the furnace and during the pouring; slow cooling of the metal in the mold; intense liquidation development and considerable gas saturation of the steel. A description is given of the formation scheme of lithoidal structure, which can be eliminated by steel recrystallization, and, in the case of a very stable lithoidal state, by homogenizing. The main reason

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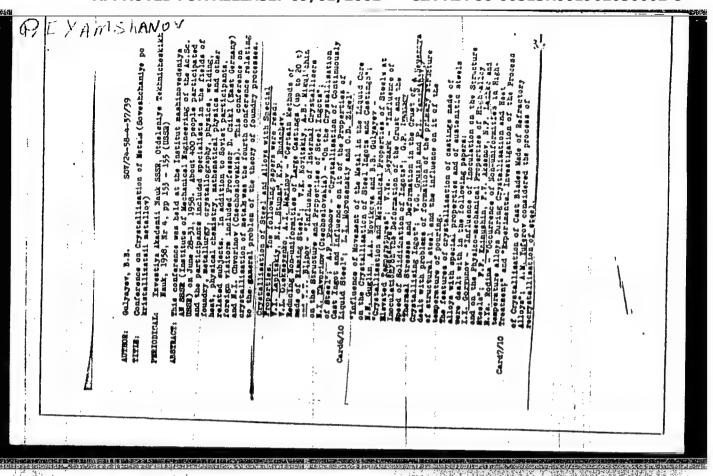
SOV/123-59-20-84085

The Lithoidal Fracture Structure of Castings From 35KhNL Grade Steel

for the development of cold cracks is the low ductility of steel and its high sensitiveness to gashes in a cast state. In order to prevent cold cracks in steel castings it
is necessary to design the machine parts, if possible, with a uniform wall thickness,
to design whenever possible hollow chamfers, not to allow abrupt transitions from one
cross-section to another, nor transitions without hollow chamfers, and to disperse the
metal feed into the mold, for which purpose more feeders have to be installed, which
widen towards the machine part. Moreover, impurities and scab must not be allowed in
castings, machine parts with abrupt transitions in body thickness should be longer held
in the mold, in order to eliminate more completely the stress, and it is necessary to
handle the machine part with care until it has undergone full thermal treatment. 13

K.V.I.

Card 2/2



Yamshchikov, A.V., Design of the electrical salinity meter ES-56 and its use in oceanological practice, Tr. In-ta okeanol. AN SSSR (Works of the Institute of Oceanology), special issue No 1, 1958, p 137-138; (RZhGEofiz 1/60-297)

IOFFE, Isaak Shimilevich; YAMSHCHIKOV, Dmitriy Dmitriyevich; YERSHOV, P.R., vedushchiy redaktor; POLOSIAR, A.S., tekhnicheskiy redaktor

[Simplified method of plotting norm charts in well drilling] Uproshchennyi metod rascheta normativnykh kart na burenie skvazhin.

Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo neftianoi i gorno-toplivnoi
lit-ry, 1956. 56 p. (MLRA 9:10)

(Oil well drilling--Production standards)

YAMCHIKOV, I.N.

AKIMOV, G.V.; STOKLISTKIY, L.I.; TERYAGINA, O.G.; YAMSHCHIKOV, I.N.

Apparatus for micro-electrochemical corrosion studies. Trudy Inst.

Piz. Khim., Akad. Hauk S.S.B.R. 3, Issledovaniya Korrozii Metal. Ho.2,
61-8 '51.

(CA 47 no.16:7831 '53)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/01/2001

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在中心,也不可能的条款。 1985年 - 2012年11月1日 - 1985年11月1日 - 1985年11日 - 1985年1 THILL ACTION TO HAT GINTSBERG, S.A.; LEVIN, I.A.; YAMSHCHIKOV, I.N. Apparatus for the investigation of the electrochemical behavior of different metals in contact. Trudy Inst. Fiz. Khim., Akad. Nauk S.S.S.R. 3. Issledovaniya Korrozii Metal. No.2, 79-82 51. (MLRA 4:10) (CA 47 no.16:7831 '53)

全面3

S/048/60/024/03/14/019 B006/B014

21.5200

AUTHORS:

Konharov, G. Ye., Yamshchikov, M. A.

TITLE:

The Ionization Chamber in the Magnetic Field

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Seriya fizicheskaya. 1960.

Vol. 24, No. 3, pp. 350-356

TEXT: The article under review was read at the Tenth All-Union Conference of Nuclear Spectroscopy (Moscow, January 19 - 27, 1960). Pulsed ionization chambers are frequently used for investigating nuclear reactions and α -spectra of small isotope amounts. Proportional counters placed in the chamber are used to record conversion electrons (coincidence measurement of α -particles and conversion electrons). To improve energy resolution, to enlarge the energy range, and to reduce the background of soft electrons, the proportional counter is arranged in a magnetic field such that, e.g., the α - e_K coincidence recording takes place in a magnetic field. In this connection, an investigation of the influence exerted by the magnetic field upon the chamber operation

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The Icaization Chamber in the Magnetic Field

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is of interest, as a knowledge of them is necessary for the proper selection of the size and mode of operation of the chamber. The aim of the authors was to conduct such an investigation. The influence exercised by the magnetic field on the electronic apparatus is briefly discussed first. After screening off the tubes in the preamplifier and removing the remaining parts of the apparatus by 3. m from the magnet, a test proved that when the magnet was switched on, the amplitude remained unchanged up to 0.05%. The influence exerted by the field on the trajectories of the ionization electrons is investigated next. It is shown that the field gives rise to a drift of electrons (Fig. 2), that, however, the amplitude of the pulse hitting the high-voltage electrode is not influenced thereby. Nor is the amplitude influenced by electrons gathering on the chamber walls. The influence exerted by the magnetic field on conversion electrons when a-spectra are taken is discussed in the next section. As may be seen from Figs. 8 and 9 (they show the computed and the measured α -spectrum of π^{234} with and without magnetic field, theory shows a rise in the intensity of the α1-group in the presence of a magnetic field, which fact is

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The Ionization Chamber in the Magnetic Field

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substantiated by experiments. In ionization, α-particles also produce fast, so-called \$\frac{c}{c}\$-electrons, besides slow electrons, whose maximum energy (in 5-Mev α-particles) amounts to 2.5 keV. The influence exerted by a magnetic field on such particles is briefly studied in the last section, and the influence of the field on \$\frac{c}{c}\$-electrons is found to be negligible. It is stated in conclusion that with a proper selection of the size and the working conditions of the chamber, the magnetic field does not influence the resolution of the device, but that, on the other hand, it is capable of reducing the effect of conversion electrons. The authors finally thank A. P. Komar for his assistance. There are 9 figures and 6 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Fiziko-tekbnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Physics and Technology of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

X

Card 3/3

YAMSHCHIKOV, P.M., veterinarnyy vrach (Minak)

Neview of the existing methods of trichinellascopy. Veterinariia
(MIRA 6:5)

30 no.5:56-57 My '53.

YAMSHCHIKOV, S.

Science in the service of restoration. Nauka i tekh mladezh 14 no.7: 8-9 Jli 62.

l. Restavrator v tsentralnoto atelie "I. Gabar", Moskva.

TULOVSKIY, M.V., inzhener; YAMSHCHIKOV, S.M.

Ballasting tracks for coal mines with the aid of hopper cars.

Meich trud.rab. 10 no.1:14-15 Ja '56.

(Ballast) (Mine railroads)

Coal mining in the German Democratic Republic. Ugol' 31 no.6:
38-42 Je '56.
(Germany, East--Coal mines and mining)

BUYANOV, Yu.D., inzh.; GAZYZOV, M.S., inzh.; DAVIDENKO, Yu.K., inzh.;
DIOHIS'YEV, A.I., inzh.; DEMIN, A.M., inzh.; KARPINSKIY, N.Ye.,
inzh.; RAZMYSLOV, Yu.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; SKRIPKA, L.V., kand.
tekhn.nauk; TULOVSKIY, M.V., inzh.; YAMSHCHIKOV, S.M., inzh.;
OKHRIMENKO, V.A., red.izd-va; BERLOV, A.P., tekhn.red.

[Problems in open-cut mining of coal] Voprosy otkrytoi razrabotki ugol'nykh mestorozhdenii. Pod obshchei red. IU.S.Razmyslova.

Moskva, Ugletekhizdat, 1957. 338 p. (MIRA 11:4)

(Strip mining) (Coal mines and mining)

ZAYTSEV. A.P., red.; BORZOV. K.V., red.; BOGUSLAVSKIY, Yu.K., red.;
BELOUSOV, V.G., red.; VODAKHOV, L.A., red.; IZRAITEL', S.A., red.;
KOI.', A.N., red.; LISYUK, S.S., red.; MOISEYEV, S.L., red.;
MEL'NIKOV, N.V., red.; MOROZOV, V.P., red.; MUDROV, P.A., red.;
POLYAKOVA, Z.K., red.; PODERNI, Yu.S., red.; POLESIN, Ya.L., red.;
POKROVSKIY, L.A., red.; SLASTUNOV, V.G., red.; SKURAT, V.K., red.;
STRUNIN, M.A., red.; SOKOLOVSKIY, M.M., red.; FKOKTISTOV, A.T.,
red.; CHESNOKOV, M.M., red.; SHUKHOV, A.N., red.; YAMSHCHIKOV,
S.M., red.; BYKHOVSKAYA, S.N., red.; RERESLAVSKAYA, L.Sh.,
tekhn.red.

[Unified safety regulations in open-cut mining] Edinye pravila bezopasnosti pri razrabotke mestorozhdenii poleznykh iskopasmykh otkrytym sposobom. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu, 1960. 61 p. (MIRA 13:7)

1. Bussia (1917- R.S.F.S.R.) Gosudarstvennyi komitet po nadzoru za bezopasnym vedeniyem rabot v promyshlennosti i gornomu nadzoru.

(Strip mining--Safety measures)

YAMSHCHIKOV, S.M., inzh.; SHUKHOV, A .N., kand.tekhn.nauk; TULOVSKIY, M.V., inzh.

Mechanization of track work in open-pit mines. Gor.zhur. no.5: 42-45 My '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Institut gornogo dela AN SSSR, Lyubertsy, Moskovskoy obl.
(Mine railroads-Tracks)

SHUKHOV, Aleksey Nikitovich; YAMSHCHIKOV, Sergey Mikhaylovich; IXUBIMOV, N.G., otv. red.; LOMILINA, L.N., tekhn. red.; MINSKER, L.I., tekhn. red.

[Mechanization of track work in open-pit haulage] Mekhanizatsiia putevykh rabot na kar'ernom transporte. Moskva, Gos. naucimo-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po gornomu delu, 1962. 86 p.

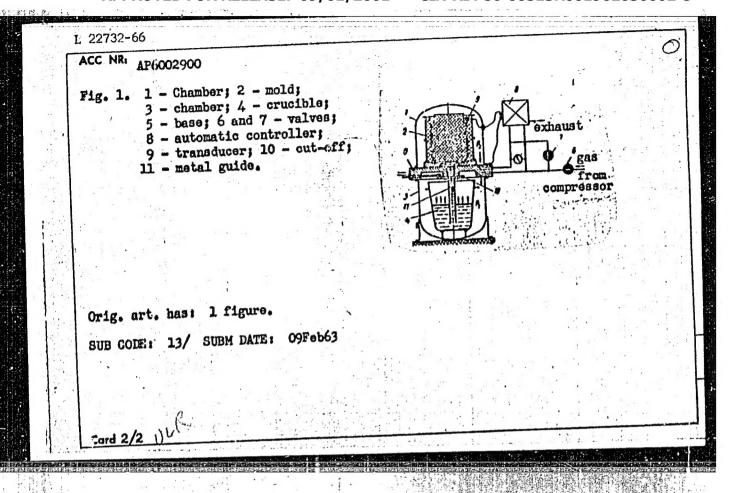
(MIRA 15:5)

(Mine railroads--Tracklaying machinery)

ACC NR: AP6002900 AUTHORS: Yamshchikov, S. Ya.; Kuznetsov, L. M.; Sir ORG: none TITLE: Method for castin SOURCE: Byulleten: izobr TOPIC TAIS: metal castin ABSTRACT: This Author Ge in an apparatus consistin which the filling of the between the chambers (see	v.; Vykhukholev, V. F.; Musiyach pura, P. M.; Stebakov, Ye. S. g thin-walled parts. Class 31, 1 eteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 2. g, pressure casting ortificate presents a method for ng of two chambers (for the mold mold with metal takes place due of Fig. 1). To increase the quality metal takes place due of Fig. 1).	casting thin-walled parts and pouring crucible) in to the pressure difference ty of the parts, the mold thal pouring, while the
chamber is raised to above atmospheric pressure of the mold chamber. crucible chamber is pressurized above the pressure of the mold chamber.		
)
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OKOL'ZIN, Ye.P., inzh.; YAMSHCHIKOV, V.A., inzh.

Choosing effective methods for removing overburden rocks at upland strip mines. Sbor. turd. VNIINerud no.2:74782 162. (MIRA 16'3)

l. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut nerudnykh stroitel'nykh materialov i godromekhanizatsii.
(Strip mining)

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SOURCE CODE: UR/0169/65/000/009/G012/G012

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Geofizika, Abs. 9G81

38

AUTHOR: Yamshchikov, V. A.; Dobrovol'skiy, G. N.

TITLE: A new method for a comprehensive study of the physical properties of rocks at high temperatures

CITED SOURCE: Nauchn. tr. Mosk. in-ta radioelektroniki i gorn. elektromekhan., sb. 52, vyp. 1, 1964, 13-17

TOPIC TAGS: earth science instrument, heat expansion, elasticity

TRANSLATION: A method is developed which may be used for finding the module of elasticity, the coefficient of linear expansion and their product for rocks in a temperature field from 0 to 900°C. This method is an expansion of the previously used ultrasonic pulse method. The specimens studied are rods with a radius smaller than a wavelength. A special unit is added to the measuring device which may be used to determine the linear expansion of the specimen and to record the change in diagram of the device is given.

SUB CODE: 08

Card 1/1

GRUZDOVA, A.I.; YAMSHCHIKOV, V.P.; SIMINA, Z.S.; KOCHETOVA, L.D.

Monilial vulvitis and vulvovaginitis in children. Vest. derm. i ven. 37 no.8:72-74 Ag*63 (MIRA 17:4)

1. Kozimo-venerologicheskiy dispanser No.18 (glavnyy vrach N.A. Yershova, naucimyy rukovoditel; - zasluzhennyy deyatel; nauki prof. P.N. Kashkin) Kirovskogo rayona, Leningrada.